## PHAN®







Visual strips PHAN®																	
Product name	Cat. Nr.	Qty	Ехр.	SG	NIT	рН	ASCO	PRO	GLU	KET	UBG	BIL	LEU	BLD	МА	CRE	СР
AlbuPHAN	URPH0001	50	24					•									
GlukoPHAN	URPH0002	50	27						•								
HemoPHAN	URPH0003	50	24											•			
KetoPHAN	URPH0004	50	30							•							
DiaPHAN	URPH0005	50	27						•	•							
IktoPHAN	URPH0006	50	24								•	•					
TriPHAN	URPH0007	50	27			•		•	•								
TriPHAN	URPH0008	100	27			•		•	•								
TetraPHAN dia	URPH0009	50	24			•		•	•	•							
PentaPHAN	URPH0010	50	24			•		•	•	•				•			
HexaPHAN	URPH0011	50	24			•		•	•	•	•			•			
HexaPHAN	URPH0012	100	24			•		•	•	•	•			•			
HeptaPHAN	URPH0013	50	24			•		•	•	•	•	•		•			
HeptaPHAN	URPH0014	100	24			•		•	•	•	•	•		•			
NonaPHAN SG	URPH0015	100	24	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		•			
NefroPHAN leuco	URPH0016	50	15		•	•		•					•	•			
DekaPHAN leuco	URPH0017	50	15	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
DekaPHAN leuco	URPH0018	100	15	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
UndekaPHAN	URPH0019	50	15	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
MicroalbuPHAN	URPH0020	50	21												•	•	
Objective strips PHAN® LAURA																	
DiaPHAN LAURA	URPH0024	100	21						•	•							•
TetraPHAN SG Laura	URPH0025	100	21	•		•		•	•								•
PentaPHAN LAURA	URPH0026	100	21			•		•	•	•				•			•
HeptaPHAN LAURA	URPH0027	100	21			•		•	•	•	•	•		•			•
DekaPHAN LAURA	URPH0028	100	15	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•



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Quick Overview of Patient's Health



MicroalbuPHAN LAURA

## PHAN® test strips for urine analysis

Parameter	Abbreviation	Abbreviation Units Evaluation Colour scale time		Principle of the test	Ser	sitivity	Specificity	Interference			
						SI	Conv.		Ascorbic Acid	Other	
Haemoglobin Erytrocytes	BLD	Ery/μl	ca 60 s	neg. ca. 10 ca. 50 ca. 250	oxidation of chromogene by organic hydroperoxide in the presence of the haemoglobine	5 Ery/μl		specific for haemoglobin and myoglobin		extremely high SG	
Ketones	KET	mmol/l mg/dl	ca 60 s	neg, 1,5/16 5/52 15/156	sodium nitropruside in alkaline buffer (Legal's test)	0,1 - 0,2 mmol/l	1,0 - 2,0 mg/dl	high for acetoacetic acid, low for acetone, none for butyric acid		drugs and diagnostics based on phenolphtalein or sulphophtalein	
Bilirubin	BIL	arb.u.	ca 60 s	neg. + ++ +++	reaction of diazonium salt in acidic surroundings	4,3 - 5,2 μmol/l	0,25 - 0,30 mg/dl	specific for conjugated bilirubin		high concentration of UBG and light	
Urobilinogen	UBG	µmol/l mg/dl	ca 60 s	normal 17/1 51/3 102/6 203/12	reaction of diazonium salt in acidic surroundings	6,0 µmol/l	0,35 mg/dl	urobilinogen and sterkobilinogen		phenazopiridine, bilirubin and light	
Glucose	GLU	mmol/l	ca 60 s	neg. 2,8 5,5 17 55	enzymatic reaction - glucoseoxidase, peroxidase, chromogene	0,9 mmol/l	16 mg/dl	specific for D-glucose		traces of detergents in the bases of peroxides and oxidizing agents	
Protein	PRO	g/l mg/dl	ca 60 s	neg. 0,3/30 1,0/100 5,0/500	protein error of pH indicator - mixed acido-basic indicator changes colour in the presence of proteins	0,15 g/l	15 mg/dl	specific for albumin		drugs based on quinine and quinoline, alkaline urine with pH > 8, traces of detergents and disinfectants based on quarternaryammonium salt and urine with high buffer capacity	
рН	рН		ca 60 s	5 6 7 8 9	mixed acido-basic indicator				All pads are protected against normal	foreign alkaline and/or acidic substances, old urine with pH about 9	
Nitrites	NIT		ca 60 s	neg. pos.	modified Griess' reaction	11 mmol/l	0,05 mg/dl	specific for nitrite (70% of bacteriuria)	concentrations of ascorbic acid.	diuresis and phenazopyridine	
Ascorbic Acid	AA	mmol/l mg/dl	ca 60 s	neg. 0,6/10 1,1/20 2,3/40 3,4/60	reduction of molybdophosphoric acid into molybdenum blue	0,2 - 0,3 mmol/l	3.0 - 5,0 mg/dl	non specific oxidation - reduction reaction		reducing agents present in the urine	
Specific Gravity	SG		ca 60 s	1,000 1,005 1,010 1,015 1,020 1,025 1,030	colour change of acido- basic indicator dependant on ion exchange					pH > 6,5	
Leucocytes	LEU	Leu/µl	ca 120 s	neg. ca. 10-25 ca. 75 ca. 500	enzymatic reaction - esterase splits substrate into free indoxyl, which reacts with diazonium salt	10 Leu/μl		granulocytes and histiocytes		alkaline pH, higher SG and high concentration of bilirubin increase the intensity of colour reaction	
Microalbumin	MA	g/l mg/l	ca 60 s	0,01 0,03 0,08 0,15 0,3 1 5 10 30 80 150 300 1000 5000	acido-basic indicator changes colour in the presence of albumine	0,03 g/l	30 mg/l	specific for albumine		drugs based on quinine and quinoline, alkaline urine with pH > 8, traces of detergents and disinfectants based on quarternaryammonium salt and urine with a high buffer capacity, high concentration of creatinine (>26.5 mmol/l)	
Creatinine	CRE	mmol/l g/l	ca 60 s	0.9 2.2 8.8 17.7 >25.5 0.1 0.25 1 2 >3	Benedict-Behres' reaction	0,4 mmol/l	0,04 g/l	specific for creatinine		urine with high buffer capacity decreases intensity of colour, high concentration of acetoacetic acid (>50 mmol/l)	